Stability of Employment Status Among Patients With Highly Active Relapsing Multiple Sclerosis During the 2-year CLARIFY-MS Study

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CONCLUSIONS



Most patients with highly active RMS who received CladT and were employed at Baseline retained their employment after 2 years

As these data were gathered during the global COVID-19 pandemic, which substantially impacted employment, the stability reported here is reassuring



INTRODUCTION

- In multiple sclerosis (MS), worsening of disability over time may lower a patient's ability to work, leading to absenteeism, low productivity, job changes, part time work or unemployment. In addition to its societal economic costs, inability to work may substantially impact patients' overall quality of life (QoL)¹
- The CLARIFY-MS (NCT03369665) study, designed to evaluate the health-related QoL of patients with highly active relapsing MS (RMS) treated with cladribine tablets (CladT), also assessed the employment status of the patients during the study



OBJECTIVE

To report the outcomes of exploratory analyses regarding the employment status of patients treated with CladT over 2 years in the **CLARIFY-MS** study



- CLARIFY-MS was a 2-year, prospective, open-label, single-arm, multicenter, phase IV study (Supplementary Figure 1)
- Patients with highly active RMS were recruited per the Summary of Product Characteristics of CladT, and eligible patients received CladT 3.5 mg/kg cumulative dose over 2 years
- Highly active RMS was defined as one relapse in the previous year and ≥1 T1 gadolinium-enhancing lesion or ≥9 T2 lesions, while receiving treatment with other disease-modifying therapies (DMTs); or ≥2 relapses in the previous year, whether on DMT treatment or not
- Current employment status of patients who received ≥1 dose of CladT (full analysis set [FAS]), was determined using a survey at Baseline and Month 24
- Subgroup analyses were performed for patients who did not receive any DMTs before CladT (pre-treatment naïve subgroup), and those who received DMTs at any time prior to the start of treatment with CladT (prior DMT subgroup)
- Shifts in employment status of the patients during the study period were also analyzed

Medical writing assistance was provided by Pritorthi Bhattacharjee of Merck Specialties Pvt. Ltd., Bengaluru, India, an affiliate of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany.

Data were analyzed descriptively



CONTENT

RESULTS

 All 482 patients in the FAS completed the employment survey at Baseline (pre-treatment naïve, N=134; prior DMT, N=348); employment data were missing for 46 patients at Month 24

Overall Employment Status

- There were no major differences in the employment status of the patients at Baseline and Month 24 in the FAS. Over 40% of the patients had full-time employment during the study (Figure 1)
- Results of the pre-treatment naïve and prior DMT subgroups were mostly consistent with those of the FAS (Figure 1)

Shifts in Employment Status

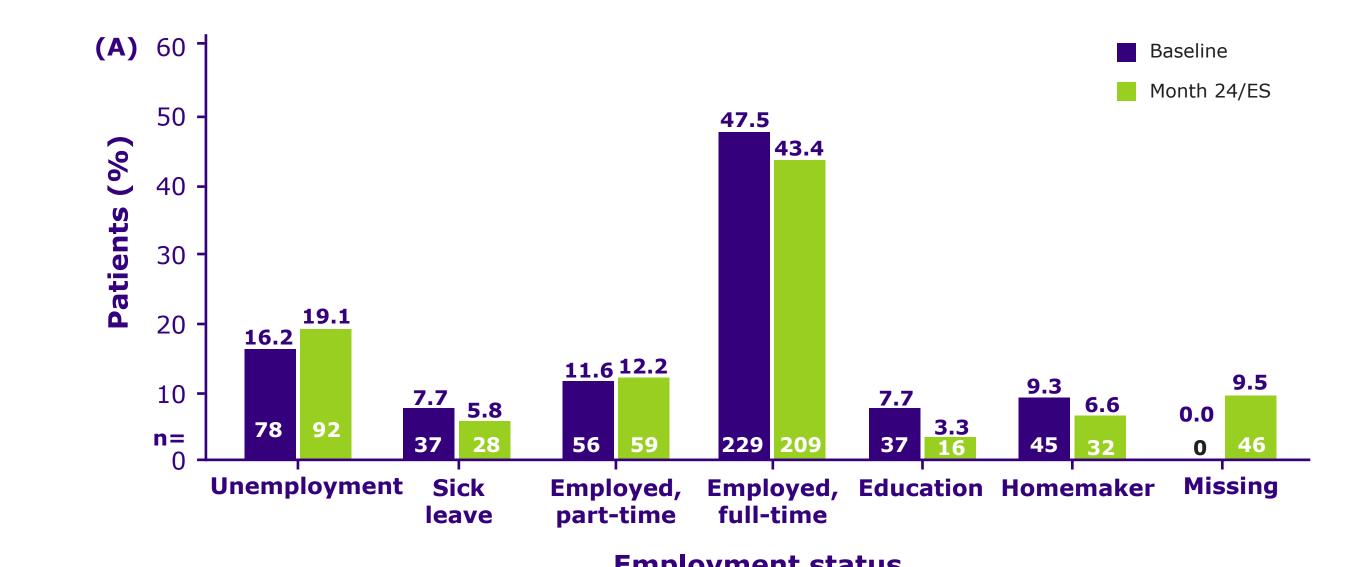
 Shifts in employment status from Baseline to Month 24 in the FAS are presented in **Table 1 and Figure 2.** Shifts in employment status among the subgroups were mostly consistent with that in the FAS (Figure 2; Supplementary Tables 1A,B)

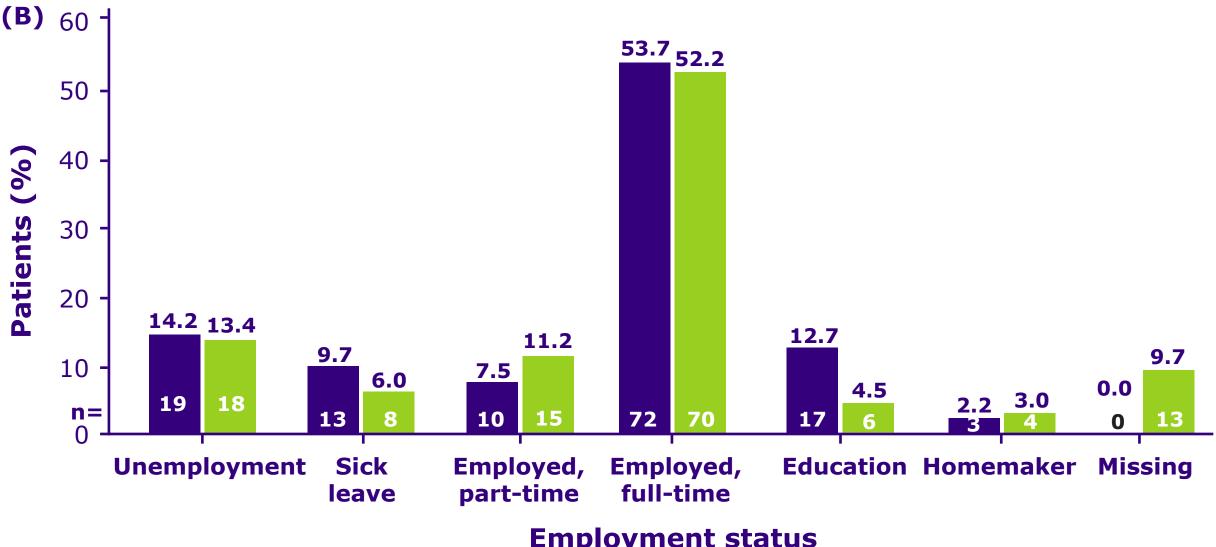
Table 1: Shifts in employment status of patients from Baseline to Month 24/ES in the FAS

Baseline	Month 24/ES Employment Status							
Employment Status, n (%)	Unemployment n (%)	Sick leave n (%)	Employed Part-time n (%)	Employed Full-time n (%)	Education n (%)	Homemaker n (%)	Missing n (%)	
Unemployment, 78 (16.2)	49 (10.2)	3 (0.6)	10 (2.1)	4 (0.8)	0 (0.0)	3 (0.6)	9 (1.9)	
Sick Leave, 37 (7.7)	6 (1.2)	14 (2.9)	2 (0.4)	10 (2.1)	0 (0.0)	2 (0.4)	3 (0.6)	
Employed Part-time, 56 (11.6)	4 (0.8)	2 (0.4)	23 (4.8)	13 (2.7)	0 (0.0)	4 (0.8)	10 (2.1)	
Employed Full-time, 229 (47.5)	16 (3.3)	8 (1.7)	20 (4.1)	165 (34.2)	0 (0.0)	2 (0.4)	18 (3.7)	
Education, 37 (7.7)	3 (0.6)	1 (0.2)	2 (0.4)	11 (2.3)	16 (3.3)	0 (0.0)	4 (0.8)	
Homemaker, 45 (9.3)	14 (2.9)	0 (0.0)	2 (0.4)	6 (1.2)	0 (0.0)	21 (4.4)	2 (0.4)	
Missing, 0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	
Total, 482 (100.0)	92 (19.1)	28 (5.8)	59 (12.2)	209 (43.4)	16 (3.3)	32 (6.6)	46 (9.5)	

ES, end of study; FAS, full analysis set

Figure 1: Employment status of patients at Baseline and Month 24/ES - (A) FAS, (B) Pre-treatment naïve subgroup, (C) Prior **DMT** subgroup





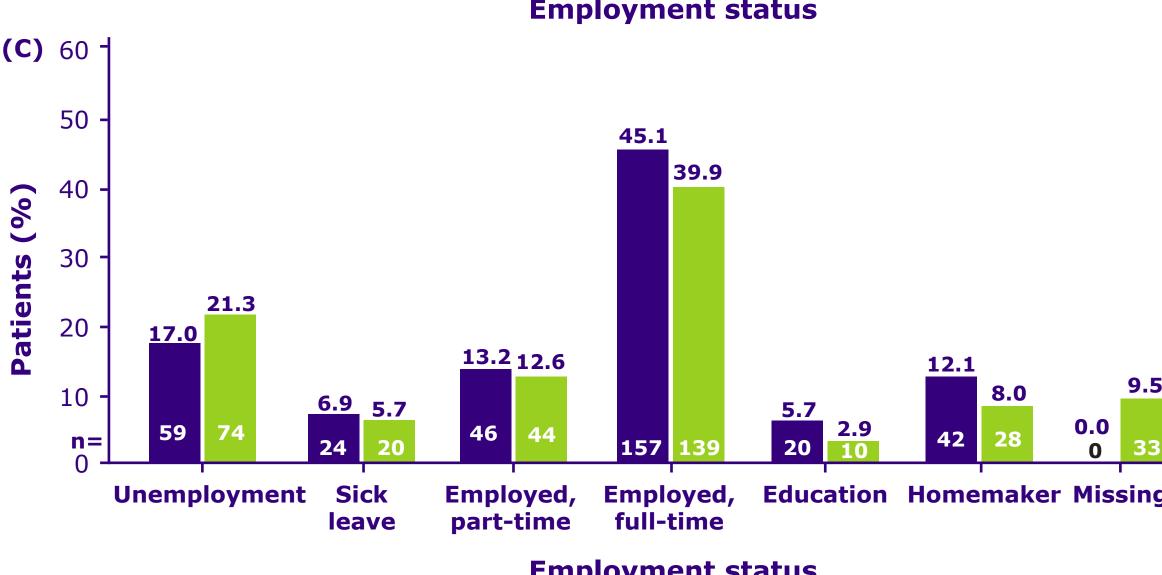
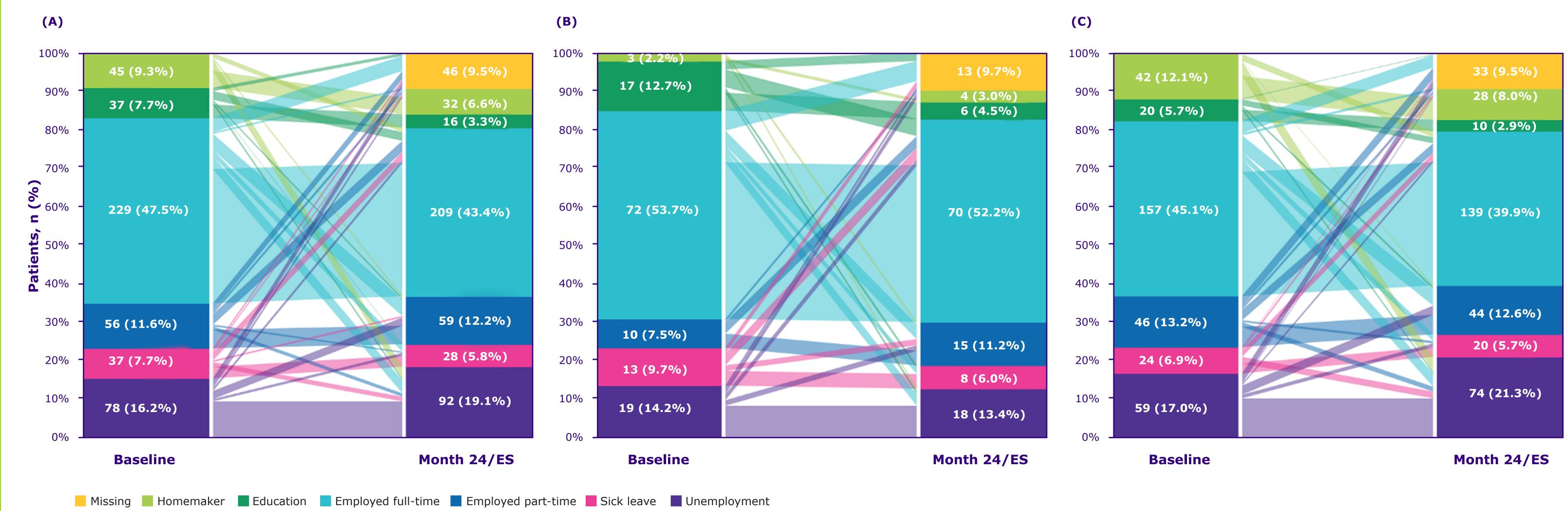


Figure 2: Shifts in employment status of patients from Baseline to Month 24/ES - (A) FAS, (B) Pre-treatment naïve subgroup, (C) Prior DMT subgroup



DMT, disease-modifying therapy; ES, end of study; FAS, full analysis set

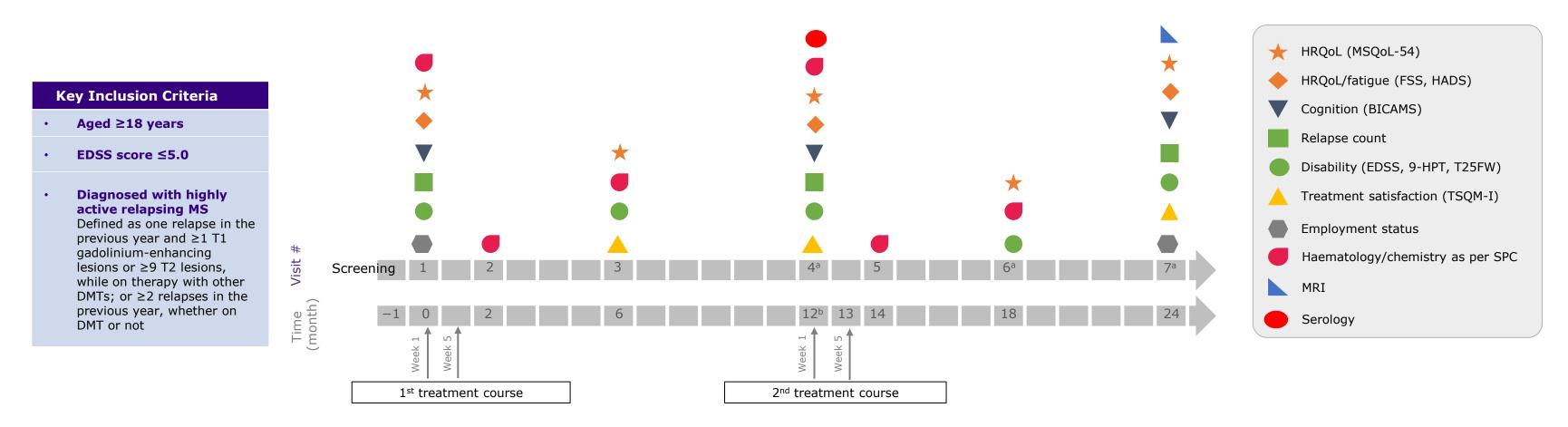
REFERENCES: 1. Jones E, et al. BMC Health Serv Res. 2016;16:294.

 DISCLOSURES: KS has received honoraria for speaker bureau for Almirall, Bayer, Biogen, the healthcare business of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany, Novartis, Roche, Sanofi, and Teva; and has received consultancy fees from Bayer, Biogen, the healthcare business of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany, Novartis, Roche, Sanofi, and Teva; and has received consultancy fees from Bayer, Biogen, the healthcare business of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany, Novartis, Roche, Sanofi, and Teva; and has received consultancy fees from Bayer, Biogen, the healthcare business of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany, Novartis, Roche, Sanofi, and Teva; and has received consultancy fees from Bayer, Biogen, the healthcare business of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany, Novartis, Roche, Sanofi, and Teva; and has received consultancy fees from Bayer, Biogen, the healthcare business of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany, Novartis, Roche, Sanofi, and Teva; and has received business of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany, Novartis, Roche, Sanofi, and Teva; and the healthcare business of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany, Novartis, Roche, Sanofi, and Teva; and the healthcare business of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany, Novartis, Roche, Sanofi, and Teva; and the healthcare business of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany, Novartis, Roche, Sanofi, and Teva; and Sanofi, Sano the business of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany, Novartis, and Teva; and Novartis, and Teva; and Novartis, Roche, and Sanofi. **EKH** has received consultancy fees, speaker fees, research grants (non-personal), or honoraria from Biogen, Celgene (BMS), the healthcare business of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany, Novartis. **BB** has received honoraria from Biogen, Celgene (BMS), the healthcare business of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany, Novartis. trom Actelion (Janssen/J&J), Biogen, Celgene (BMS), the healthcare business of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany, Novartis, Roche, and Sanofi. JL-S has accepted travel compensation from Biogen, the healthcare business of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany, and Novartis. Her sanofi. JL-S has accepted travel compensation from Biogen, Celgene (BMS), the healthcare business of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany, Novartis. trials in stier in stitution received the honoraria for talks and travel expenses for participated in advisory boards of clinical trials in the past years with AbbVie, Institution received speaking honoraria and travel expenses for participated in advisory boards of clinical trials in the past years with AbbVie, Institution received speaking honoraria and travel expenses for participated in advisory boards of clinical trials in the past years with AbbVie, Institution received speaking honoraria and travel expenses for participated in advisory boards of clinical trials in the past years with AbbVie, Institution received speaking honoraria and travel expenses for participated in advisory boards of clinical trials in the past years with AbbVie, Institution received speaking honoraria and travel expenses for participated in advisory boards of clinical trials in the past years with AbbVie, Institution received speaking honoraria and travel expenses for participated in advisory boards of clinical trials in the past years with AbbVie, Institution received speaking honoraria and travel expenses for participated in advisory boards of clinical trials or participated in advisory boards of clinical trials in the past years with AbbVie, Institution received speaking trials are constitution received and trials are constitution received are constitution are constitution are constitution received are co the lealthcare business of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany, Helpan, Celgene (BMS), EMD Serono, Genzyme, Hoffmann-La Roche, Immunic, Janssen Pharmaceutical, TG Therapeutics, Excemed, MSIF and NMSS. FPa has served on scientific Advisory Boards for Almirall, Bayer, Biogen, Celgene (BMS), the healthcare business of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany, Mylan, Nervgen, Novartis, Sandoz, Sandoz the lealthcare business of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany, Novartis, and Sanofi, and fees for serving as a member of the DMC in clinical trials with Parexel, Lundbeck and Roche. FPi has received research grants from the healthcare business of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany, Novartis, and Sanofi, and Fees for serving as a member of the DMC in clinical trials with Parexel, Lundbeck and Roche. AS has served on advisory boards for the healthcare business of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany, and Teva. NA, AN, AL and ASm, are employees of the healthcare business of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany.

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a0−3 month window for these trial visits. bSecond treatment course may be delayed for some patients.

^{#,} number; 9-HPT, Nine-Hole Peg Test; BICAMS, Brief International Cognitive Assessment for Multiple Sclerosis; DMT, disease-modifying therapy; EDSS, Expanded Disability Status Scale; HADS, Hospital Anxiety and Depression Scale; HRQoL, health-related quality of life; MRI, magnetic resonance imaging; MSQoL-54, Multiple Sclerosis Quality of Life-54 instrument; RMS, relapsing multiple sclerosis; SPC, summary of product characteristics; T25FW, Timed 25-Foot Walk; TSQM, Treatment Satisfaction Questionnaire for Medication.

Supplementary Table 1A: Shifts in employment status of patients from Baseline to Month 24/ES in the Pre-treatment naïve subgroup

Baseline	Month 24/ES Employment Status						
Employment Status, n (%)	Unemployment n (%)	Sick leave n (%)	Employed Part-time n (%)	Employed Full-time n (%)	Education n (%)	Homemaker n (%)	Missing n (%)
Unemployment, 19 (14.2)	12 (9.0)	0 (0.0)	2 (1.5)	2 (1.5)	0 (0.0)	2 (1.5)	1 (0.7)
Sick Leave, 13 (9.7)	0 (0.0)	5 (3.7)	2 (1.5)	4 (3.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	2 (1.5)
Employed part-time, 10 (7.5)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	5 (3.7)	4 (3.0)	0 (0.0)	1 (0.7)	0 (0.0)
Employed Full-time, 72 (53.7)	4 (3.0)	2 (1.5)	5 (3.7)	54 (40.3)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	7 (5.2)
Education, 17 (12.7)	1 (0.7)	1 (0.7)	0 (0.0)	6 (4.5)	6 (4.5)	0 (0.0)	3 (2.2)
Homemaker, 3 (2.2)	1 (0.7)	0 (0.0)	1 (0.7)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	1 (0.7)	0 (0.0)
Missing, 0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)
Total, 134 (100.0)	18 (13.4)	8 (6.0)	15 (11.2)	70 (52.2)	6 (4.5)	4 (3.0)	13 (9.7)

ES, end of study

Supplementary Table 1B: Shifts in employment status of patients from Baseline to Month 24/ES in the Prior DMT subgroup

Baseline	Month 24/ES Employment Status						
Employment Status, n (%)	Unemployment n (%)	Sick leave n (%)	Employed Part-time n (%)	Employed Full-time n (%)	Education n (%)	Homemaker n (%)	Missing n (%)
Unemployment, 59 (17.0)	37 (10.6)	3 (0.9)	8 (2.3)	2 (0.6)	0 (0.0)	1 (0.3)	8 (2.3)
Sick Leave, 24 (6.9)	6 (1.7)	9 (2.6)	0 (0.0)	6 (1.7)	0 (0.0)	2 (0.6)	1 (0.3)
Employed part-time, 46 (13.2)	4 (1.1)	2 (0.6)	18 (5.2)	9 (2.6)	0 (0.0)	3 (0.9)	10 (2.9)
Employed Full-time, 157 (45.1)	12 (3.4)	6 (1.7)	15 (4.3)	111 (31.9)	0 (0.0)	2 (0.6)	11 (3.2)
Education, 20 (5.7)	2 (0.6)	0 (0.0)	2 (0.6)	5 (1.4)	10 (2.9)	0 (0.0)	1 (0.3)
Homemaker, 42 (12.1)	13 (3.7)	0 (0.0)	1 (0.3)	6 (1.7)	0 (0.0)	20 (5.7)	2 (0.6)
Missing, 0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)
Total, 348 (100.0)	74 (21.3)	20 (5.7)	44 (12.6)	139 (39.9)	10 (2.9)	28 (8.0)	33 (9.5)

DMT, disease-modifying therapy; **ES,** end of study