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# Comparing Infection-Related Outcomes by Sex in Patients with Multiple Sclerosis and Matched Controls Using Administrative Claims Data

**Riley Bove,<sup>1</sup> Terra Slaton,<sup>2</sup> Chris M. Kozma,<sup>3</sup> Amy L. Phillips,<sup>4</sup> Danielle E. Harlow,<sup>4</sup> Caroline Lobo<sup>4</sup>**

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## CONCLUSIONS

Compared to their respective control cohorts, both women and men with MS had increased risk of infection-related outpatient claims and inpatient hospitalizations



Among men with MS vs. controls, a higher relative risk of urinary and kidney infections was observed compared to women with MS vs. controls

## INTRODUCTION

- Compared to the general population, patients with MS have an increased risk of bacterial, viral, fungal, and parasitic infections, which may be attributed to the disease itself and potentially to the use of DMTs<sup>1</sup>
- Infections in patients with MS can lead to significant morbidity and reduced quality of life,<sup>2</sup> and may also contribute to relapses and a worsening of neurological symptoms<sup>1</sup>
- Few population-level sex-based risk estimates of specific infections exist for US patients with MS
- It is important to understand the risk of specific infections in patients with MS, particularly in the context of the recent COVID-19 pandemic<sup>3</sup>

## OBJECTIVE

- To quantify the sex-based relative risk (RR) of infections grouped by diagnostic category in MS vs. controls using IQVIA™ RWD Adjudicated Claims-US data (1/1/2010–6/30/2019)

## METHODS

### Study Population

- The MS cohort had ≥2 diagnoses (ICD-9-CM/ICD-10-CM: 340.xx/G35) ≥30 days apart. The control cohort had 2 diagnoses for any other condition
- Index date was a randomly selected office visit
- Inclusion criteria were:
  - age 18–64
  - continuous 12-month eligibility pre-/post-index
  - no antibiotic/antiviral claim 60 days prior, and
  - no pregnancy/inpatient residential care/end-stage renal disease facility/HIV/HCV claims
- Cohorts were matched 1:1 on age, sex, payer type, Census region, and index year
- Analyses**
  - RR was estimated for presence of outpatient claim and inpatient hospitalization for urinary/kidney, pneumonia/influenza, other respiratory/throat, and viral infections during 12-months post-index

## RESULTS

- The baseline characteristics of the two groups were balanced after matching. Among 87,755 MS and control patients, mean [SD] age was 47.3 [10.5] years and 75.7% of patients were women (**Table 1a**)
- Significantly higher number of patients with MS had comorbidities vs. non-MS groups except for diabetes mellitus (**Table 1b**)
  - Exploratory analyses were performed to assess the effect of comorbidities. There was an additive effect associated with presence of the comorbidities; the effect was not moderated by presence of MS (i.e., the percentage of patients with and without an infection varied in the same manner for the MS and non-MS patients with a greater level for MS patients). The effect of MS represented an independent additional risk above the effect of the comorbidities

**Table 1a. Patient baseline characteristics post-matching**

Characteristic	MS (n=87,755)		Non-MS (n=87,755)	
	Mean (SD)	Median	Mean (SD)	Median
Age, years	47.3 (10.5)	49.0	47.3 (10.5)	49.0
Sex, n (%)	Female	66,453 (75.7)	66,453 (75.7)	
	Male	21,302 (24.3)	21,302 (24.3)	
Region, n (%)	East	22,382 (25.5)	22,382 (25.5)	
	Midwest	27,438 (31.3)	27,438 (31.3)	
	South	28,720 (32.7)	28,720 (32.7)	
Payer type, n (%)	West	9,215 (10.5)	9,215 (10.5)	
	Commercial	57,627 (65.7)	57,627 (65.7)	
Index year, n (%)	Self-insured employer	30,128 (34.3)	30,128 (34.3)	
	2011	16,580 (18.9)	16,580 (18.9)	
	2012	12,977 (14.8)	12,977 (14.8)	
	2013	10,975 (12.5)	10,975 (12.5)	
	2014	8,791 (10.0)	8,791 (10.0)	
	2015	10,766 (12.3)	10,766 (12.3)	
	2016	10,106 (11.5)	10,106 (11.5)	
	2017	10,511 (12.0)	10,511 (12.0)	
2018	7,049 (8.0)	7,049 (8.0)		

**Table 1b. Patient comorbidities**

Characteristic	MS (n=87,755)		Non-MS (n=87,755)	
	Mean (SD) CCI	Comorbidities, n (%)	Mean (SD) CCI	Comorbidities, n (%)
	<b>0.86 (1.5)</b>		<b>0.61 (1.3)</b>	
Depression/anxiety	<b>32,442 (37.0)</b>		<b>22,414 (25.5)</b>	
Chronic lung disease	<b>11,311 (12.9)</b>		<b>9,979 (11.4)</b>	
Diabetes mellitus	8,790 (10.0)		9,054 (10.3)	
Cerebral vascular disease (stroke)	<b>7,402 (8.4)</b>		<b>2,355 (2.7)</b>	
Malignant cancer	<b>4,452 (5.1)</b>		<b>4,116 (4.7)</b>	
Ischemic heart disease	<b>4,302 (4.9)</b>		<b>3,549 (4.0)</b>	
Rheumatoid arthritis	<b>2,169 (2.5)</b>		<b>1,643 (1.9)</b>	
Psoriasis	<b>1,554 (1.8)</b>		<b>1,353 (1.5)</b>	
Inflammatory bowel disease	<b>1,205 (1.4)</b>		<b>924 (1.1)</b>	

Significant differences denoted in bold. \*Pairwise comparisons using Chi-square tests for frequencies and t-tests for continuous measures. Comorbidities were measured over a two-year period including pre- and post-index periods.

## RESULTS

- For women with MS vs. controls, significant differences in infection-related outpatient claims were observed for all infections are shown in **Table 2** except eye and ear infections and other respiratory and throat infections
- For men with MS vs. controls, significant differences in infection-related outpatient claims were observed for all infections shown in **Table 2** except pneumonia and influenza, eye and ear infections, and other respiratory and throat infections

**Table 2. Outpatient infections by sex**

Infection category	Females					Males				
	MS cohort		Non-MS cohort		RR (95% CI)	MS cohort		Non-MS cohort		RR (95% CI)
	n	%**	n	%**		n	%**	n	%**	
Urinary and kidney infections	11,288	17.0%	6,435	9.7%	<b>1.75 (1.70, 1.81)</b>	1,201	5.6%	431	2.0%	<b>2.79 (2.50, 3.11)</b>
Skin infections	3,959	6.0%	3,105	4.7%	<b>1.28 (1.22, 1.33)</b>	1,296	6.1%	1,050	4.9%	<b>1.23 (1.14, 1.34)</b>
Other respiratory and throat infections	21,666	32.6%	21,301	32.1%	1.02 (1.00, 1.03)	4,930	23.1%	5,068	23.8%	0.97 (0.94, 1.01)
Pneumonia and influenza	2,189	3.3%	1,850	2.8%	<b>1.18 (1.11, 1.26)</b>	622	2.9%	570	2.7%	1.09 (0.98, 1.22)
Eye and ear infections	2,823	4.2%	2,674	4.0%	1.06 (1.00, 1.11)	712	3.3%	715	3.4%	1.00 (0.90, 1.10)
Meningitis and encephalitis	68	0.1%	13	0.0%	<b>5.23 (2.89, 9.47)</b>	26	0.1%	4	0.0%	<b>6.50 (2.27, 18.62)</b>
Viral infections	4,767	7.2%	3,992	6.0%	<b>1.19 (1.15, 1.24)</b>	1,226	5.8%	1,045	4.9%	<b>1.17 (1.08, 1.27)</b>
Fungal infections	4,424	6.7%	3,483	5.2%	<b>1.27 (1.22, 1.33)</b>	1,101	5.2%	802	3.8%	<b>1.37 (1.26, 1.50)</b>
Other infections (bacterial, parasitic, intestinal, unspecified)	3,313	5.0%	2,521	3.8%	<b>1.31 (1.25, 1.38)</b>	1,161	5.5%	808	3.8%	<b>1.44 (1.32, 1.57)</b>
Herpes (simplex, zoster, and chicken pox)	1,911	2.9%	1,423	2.1%	<b>1.34 (1.25, 1.44)</b>	395	1.9%	283	1.3%	<b>1.40 (1.20, 1.62)</b>
Other opportunistic infections*	746	1.1%	517	0.8%	<b>1.44 (1.29, 1.61)</b>	148	0.7%	80	0.4%	<b>1.85 (1.41, 2.43)</b>

Significant differences denoted in bold. \* Includes: pneumocystis pneumonia, cryptosporidiosis, mycobacteria, bartonellosis, other mycoses, cryptococcosis, cytomegaloviral disease, human papillomavirus, other viral hepatitis, progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy, Epstein-Barr virus, histoplasmosis, toxoplasmosis and legionella; \*\* Total number of patients within sex and cohort are the denominators.

- For women with MS vs. controls, significant differences for infection-related inpatient hospitalizations were observed for all infections in **Table 3** except eye and ear infections
- For men with MS vs. controls, significant differences for infection-related inpatient hospitalizations were observed for all infections shown in **Table 3** except eye and ear infections, meningitis and encephalitis, and other opportunistic infections\*

**Table 3. Inpatient infections by sex**

Infection category	Females					Males				
	MS cohort		Non-MS cohort		RR (95% CI)	MS cohort		Non-MS cohort		RR (95% CI)
	n	%**	n	%**		n	%**	n	%**	
Urinary and kidney infections	1,103	1.7%	281	0.4%	<b>3.93 (3.44, 4.47)</b>	303	1.4%	32	0.2%	<b>9.47 (6.58, 13.62)</b>
Skin infections	333	0.5%	170	0.3%	<b>1.96 (1.63, 2.36)</b>	165	0.8%	85	0.4%	<b>1.94 (1.50, 2.52)</b>
Other respiratory and throat infections	287	0.4%	122	0.2%	<b>2.35 (1.90, 2.91)</b>	87	0.4%	36	0.2%	<b>2.42 (1.64, 3.56)</b>
Pneumonia and influenza	505	0.8%	222	0.3%	<b>2.27 (1.94, 2.66)</b>	175	0.8%	84	0.4%	<b>2.08 (1.61, 2.70)</b>
Eye and ear infections	21	0.0%	11	0.0%	1.91 (0.92, 3.96)	8	0.0%	5	0.0%	1.60 (0.52, 4.89)
Meningitis and encephalitis	30	0.0%	10	0.0%	<b>3.00 (1.47, 6.14)</b>	9	0.0%	2	0.0%	4.50 (0.97, 20.82)
Viral infections	152	0.2%	54	0.1%	<b>2.81 (2.06, 3.84)</b>	47	0.2%	23	0.1%	<b>2.04 (1.24, 3.36)</b>
Fungal infections	214	0.3%	60	0.1%	<b>3.57 (2.68, 4.75)</b>	63	0.3%	15	0.1%	<b>4.20 (2.39, 7.37)</b>
Other infections (bacterial, parasitic, intestinal, unspecified)	948	1.4%	338	0.5%	<b>2.80 (2.48, 3.17)</b>	382	1.8%	127	0.6%	<b>3.01 (2.46, 3.67)</b>
Herpes (simplex, zoster, and chicken pox)	77	0.1%	26	0.0%	<b>2.96 (1.90, 4.62)</b>	16	0.1%	5	0.0%	<b>3.20 (1.17, 8.73)</b>
Other opportunistic infections*	53	0.1%	21	0.0%	<b>2.52 (1.52, 4.18)</b>	9	0.0%	11	0.1%	0.82 (0.34, 1.97)

Significant differences denoted in bold. \* Includes: pneumocystis pneumonia, cryptosporidiosis, mycobacteria, bartonellosis, other mycoses, cryptococcosis, cytomegaloviral disease, human papillomavirus, other viral hepatitis, progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy, Epstein-Barr virus, histoplasmosis, toxoplasmosis and legionella; \*\* Total number of patients within sex and cohort are the denominators.

**Abbreviations:** CCI, Charlson Comorbidity Index; DMT, disease-modifying therapy; HCV, hepatitis C virus; HIV, human immunodeficiency virus; ICD-9/10-CM, International Classification of Diseases, Ninth/Tenth Revision, Clinical Modification; MS, multiple sclerosis; RR, relative risk; RWD, real world data; SD, standard deviation. **References:** 1. Celius EG. *Acta Neurol Scand.* 2017;136 Suppl 201:34–6; 2. Nortvedt MW, et al. *Mult Scler.* 2001;7:231–5; 3. Willis MD and Robertson NP. *J Neurol.* 2020;267:1567–9. | **Acknowledgements:** Writing and editorial was provided by Erich Junge and Phoebe Sadler of Ashfield MedComms (New York, NY, USA) and was sponsored by EMD Serono, Rockland, MA, USA (CrossRef Funder ID: 10.13039/100004755). The authors had full control of the poster and provided their final approval of all content

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### Table 1a. Patient baseline characteristics post-matching

Characteristic	MS	Non-MS
	(n=87,755)	(n=87,755)
<b>Age, years</b>		
Mean (SD)	47.3 (10.5)	47.3 (10.5)
Median	49.0	49.0
<b>Sex, n (%)</b>		
Female	66,453 (75.7)	66,453 (75.7)
Male	21,302 (24.3)	21,302 (24.3)
<b>Region, n (%)</b>		
East	22,382 (25.5)	22,382 (25.5)
Midwest	27,438 (31.3)	27,438 (31.3)
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### Table 1b. Patient comorbidities

Characteristic	MS	Non-MS
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