# Immune response following COVID-19 vaccination (mRNA or Non-mRNA) in evobrutinib-treated patients with RMS: an update



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## CONCLUSIONS

- The data reported here show a humoral response to both mRNA and non-mRNA vaccination, building upon an earlier assessment of mRNA SARS-CoV-2 vaccinations in evobrutinib-treated patients with RMS
- The observed increase in antibody levels in seronegative and seropositive patients demonstrates the ability to mount humoral responses to both novel and recall antigens in evobrutinib-treated patients with RMS
- Following booster vaccinations, antibody levels increased further compared with after the first vaccination cycle

These results provide additional evidence that the evobrutinib-treated patients have a comparable humoral vaccination response to healthy controls and untreated patients with MS

### INTRODUCTION

• Evobrutinib is an orally administered, highly selective, CNS-penetrant, covalent BTK inhibitor<sup>1,2</sup>

booster dose; "DiaSorin Molecular LLC, USA

- In MS, some disease-modifying therapies, including S1PR modulators and anti-CD20 monoclonal antibodies, have been shown to suppress humoral immunity in response to vaccination<sup>3-6</sup>
- Previous analyses showed that evobrutinib-treated patients with SLE mounted a humoral immune response to seasonal influenza vaccination<sup>7</sup>, and evobrutinib-treated patients with RMS (n=24) could mount an antibody response to mRNA SARS-CoV-2 vaccines<sup>8</sup>
- As BTK inhibition is a novel treatment strategy in MS, further understanding the impact of BTK inhibition on vaccination responses is of high interest and is characterized further here

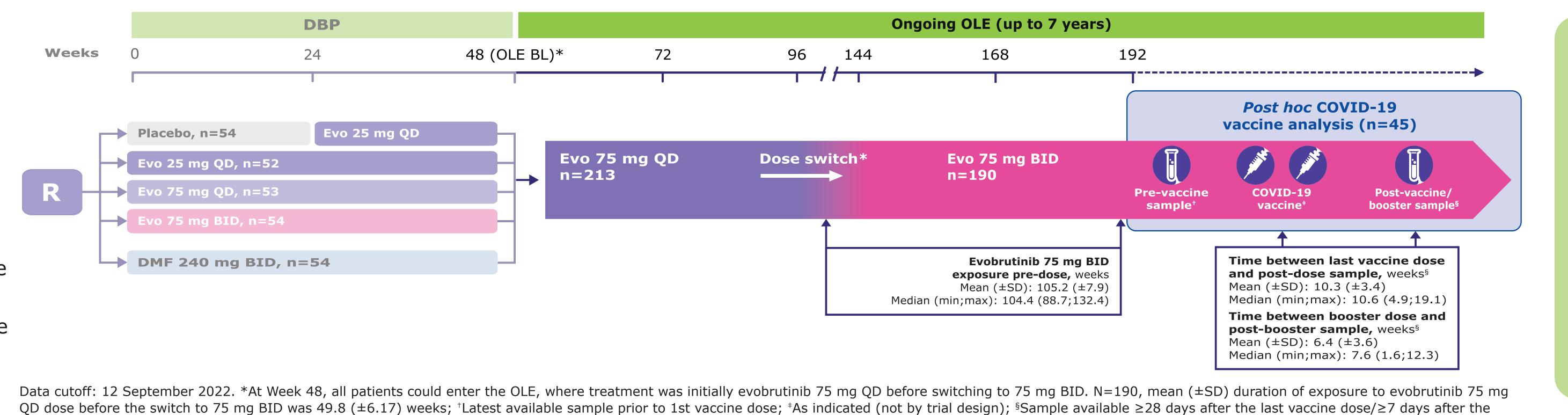


### OBJECTIVE

To examine the humoral response to mRNA and non-mRNA SARS-CoV-2 vaccination in patients with RMS receiving evobrutinib during the OLE of a Phase II trial (NCT02975349)



- This post hoc analysis included patients with RMS who received evobrutinib 75 mg BID (fasted) and SARS-CoV-2 vaccination (mRNA or non-mRNA) during the Phase II OLE
- Samples were not collected by trial design, but selected:
- Pre-dose: the latest available sample prior to 1st vaccine dose
- Post-dose: sample available ≥28 days after last vaccine dose
- Post-booster: sample available ≥7 days after booster dose





IgG anti-S1 and anti-S2 specific antibodies to SARS-CoV-2 were easured using an indirect chemiluminescence

• LLoQ: 3.8 AU/mL • ULoQ: 2900.0 AU/mL • Seronegative: <15.0 AU/mL • Seropositive: ≥15.0 AU/mL

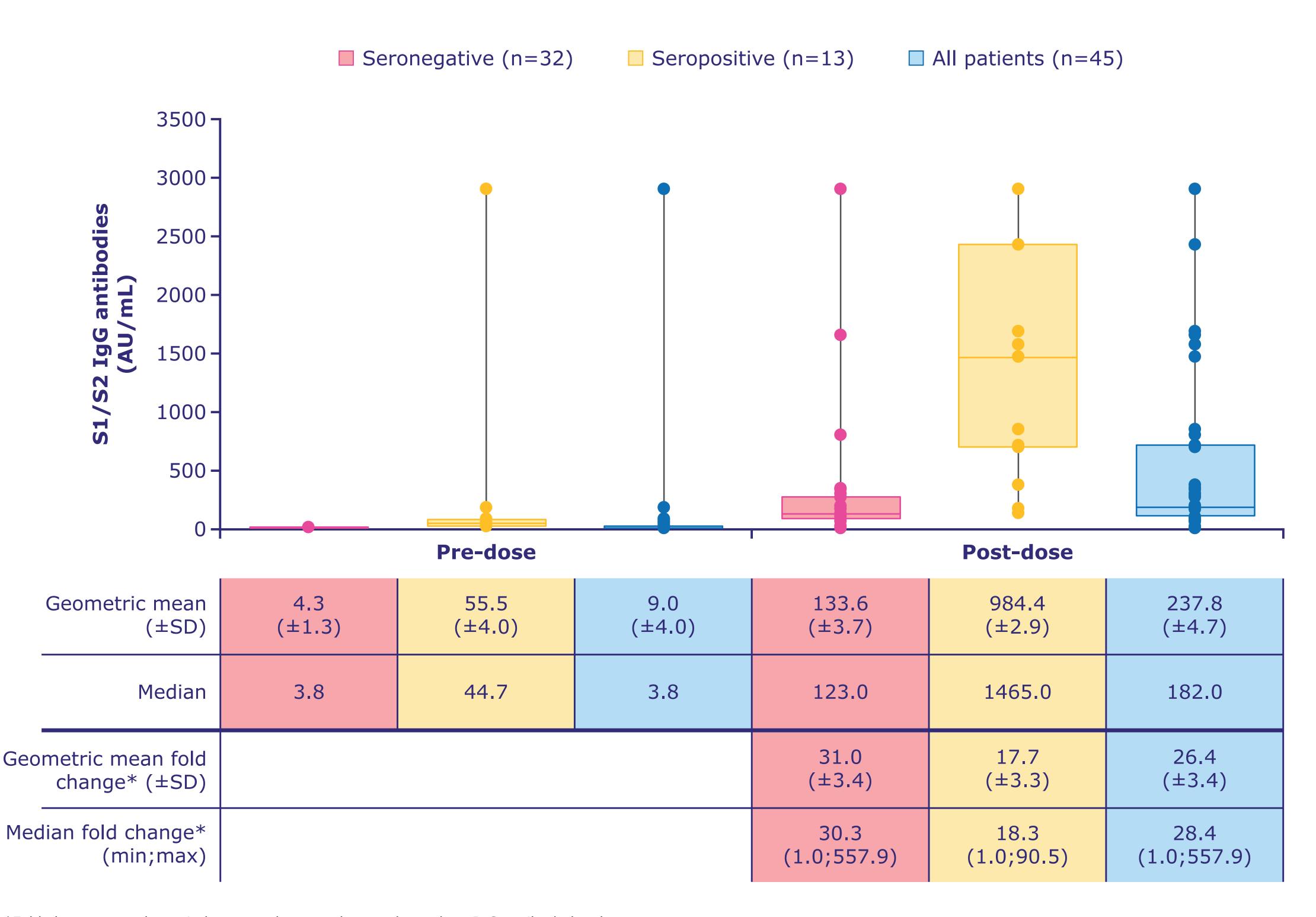
RESULTS

#### S1/S2 IgG antibody response to vaccination

- N=45 patients received COVID-19 vaccines during the OLE (data cutoff: 12 September 2022)
- mRNA vaccine: n=37
- Non-mRNA vaccine: n=8
- At baseline, patients had a mean (±SD) age of 46.0 (±9.6) years, 68.9% were female, and mean ( $\pm$ SD) BMI was 24.6 ( $\pm$ 4.6) kg/m<sup>2</sup>
- Prior to vaccination, 32 patients were seronegative and 13 patients were seropositive
- Of 45 evobrutinib-treated patients, 43 developed or increased S1/S2 IgG antibody levels after vaccination
- The antibody response observed was higher in patients seropositive prior to vaccination versus those patients seronegative prior to vaccination
- The levels were in the range of those observed for healthy controls and untreated MS patients receiving an mRNA vaccine<sup>9</sup>
- Only two patients did not have a change in S1/S2 IgG antibody levels after vaccination
- One patient was seronegative both pre- and post-vaccination. The other patient had S1/S2 IgG antibody levels >2900 AU/mL both pre- and post-vaccination
- versus non-mRNA vaccines

Overall, there was no substantial difference in the antibody response with the mRNA

- The geometric mean (±SD) fold change of S1/S2 IgG antibody levels for all patients was 26.4 (±3.4) AU/mL
- The majority of patients (n=36/45), had at least a 10-100 fold induction of S1/S2 IgG antibody levels from pre- to post-vaccination

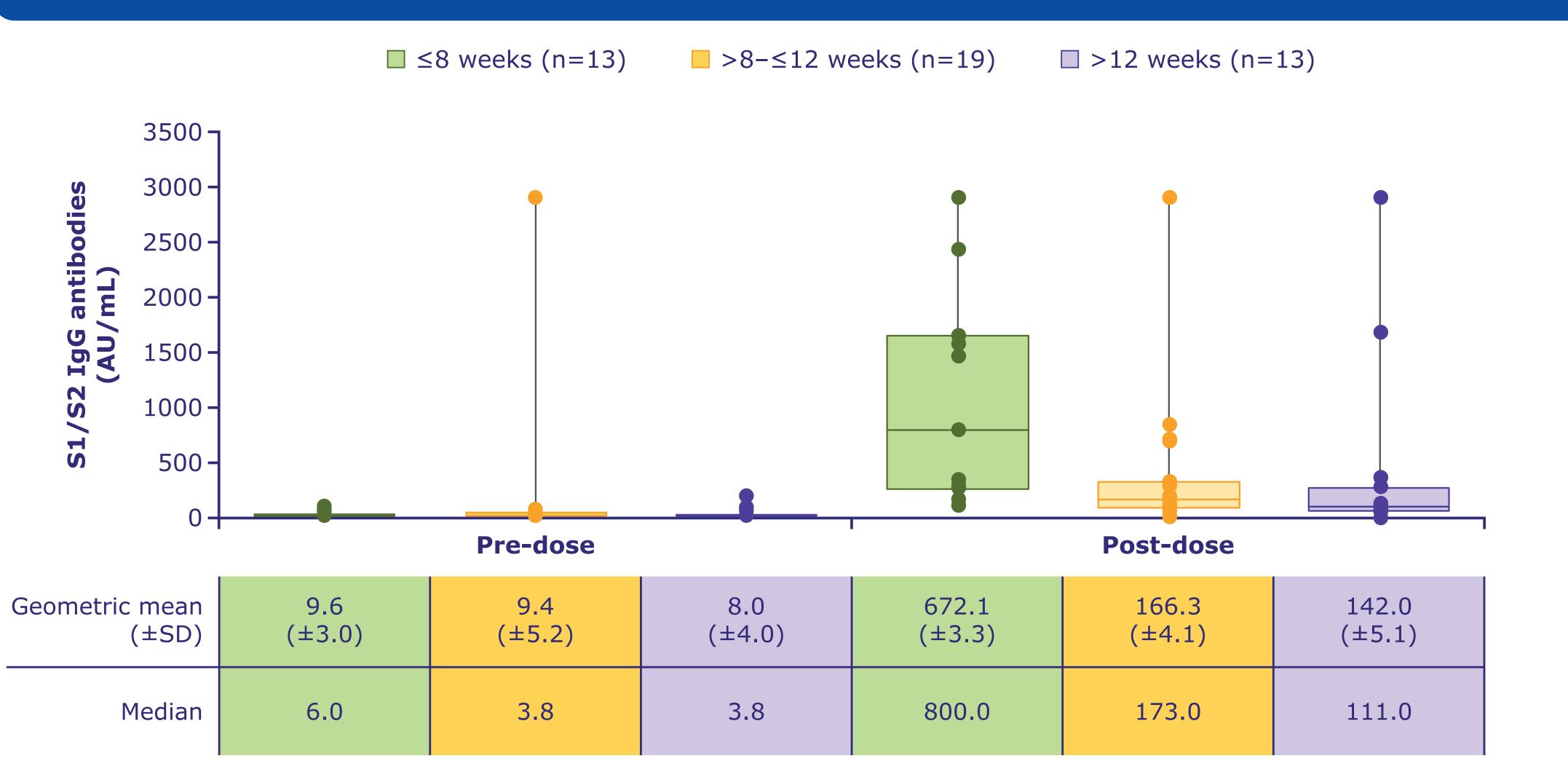


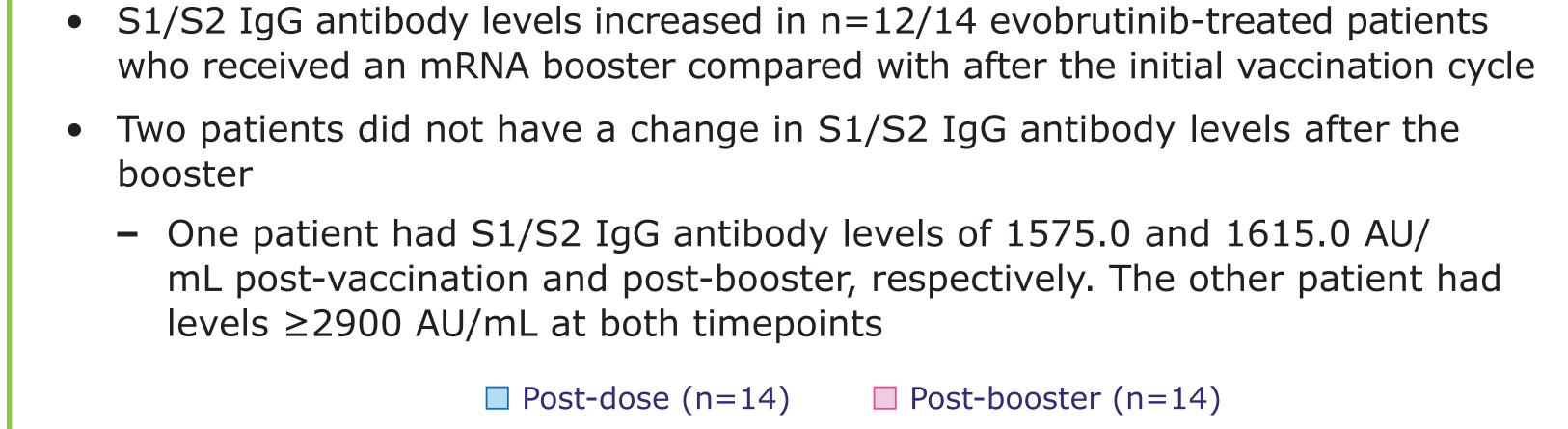
\*Fold changes are the ratio between the post-dose and pre-dose IgG antibody levels



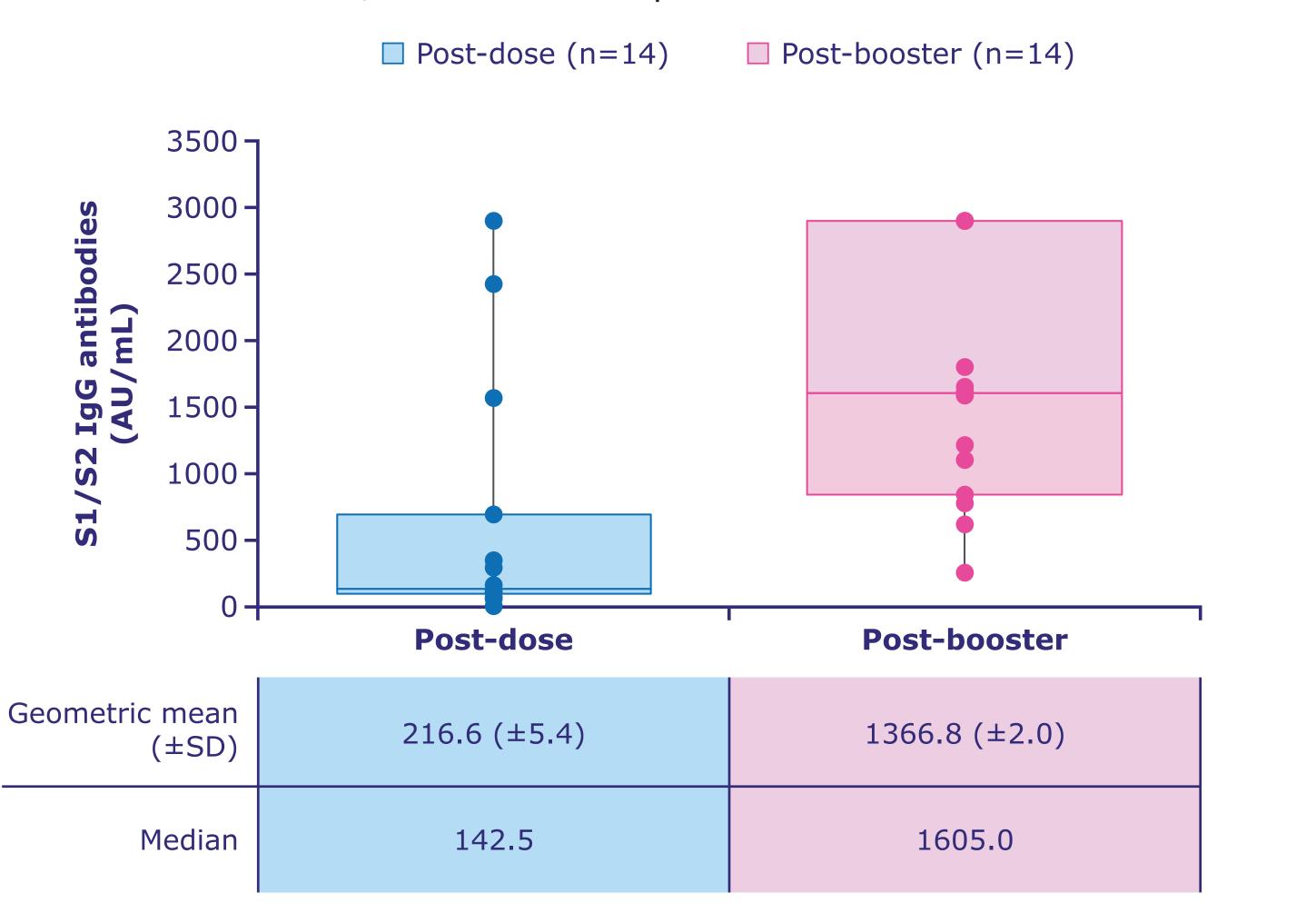
### Antibody levels over time following vaccination

- Time between last vaccine dose and post-dose sample was 4.9–19.1 weeks
- For the majority of patients, the time between the last vaccine dose and antibody assessment was >8 weeks (n=32/45, 71.1%)
- With increasing time between the last vaccine dose and antibody assessment, a lower antibody level was observed, as has been reported for SARS-CoV-2 vaccines in the general population 10,11





Response to booster vaccination



] relations: AU, arbitrary units; BID, twice daily; BL, baseline; BMI, body mass index; BID, twice daily; BL, baseline; BMI, body mass index; BTK, Bruton's tyrosine kinase; COVID-19, coronavirus disease 2019; CNS, relapsing multiple sclerosis; and onitiple sclerosis; and **SARS-CoV-2**, severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2; **SD**, standard deviation; **S1PR**, sphingosine-1-phosphate receptors; **SLE**, systemic lupus erythematosus; **ULoQ**, upper limit of quantification; **W**, week

 
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